

STATE OF ARIZONA OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

March 27, 2018

Douglas A. Ducey

GOVERNOR

The Honorable Michele Reagan Secretary of State 1700 W. Washington, 7th Floor Phoenix, AZ 85007

Dear Secretary Reagan:

I am transmitting to you the following bills from the Fifty-third Legislature, 2nd Regular Session, which I signed on March 27, 2018:

HB 2034 social security; state agency designation (Livingston)

HB 2053 sexual acts; theft by extortion (Syms)

HB 2078 political subdivisions; candidate committee (Finchem)

HB 2085 schools; emergency epinephrine administration (Carter)

HB 2168 mobile homes; recreational vehicles; fund (Coleman)

HB 2190 county improvement districts; repayment agreements (Mitchell)

HB 2243 wrong-way driving; violation; DUI (Farnsworth, E.)

HB 2247 criminal justice commission; reporting requirements (Farnsworth, E.)

HB 2312 setting aside conviction; requirements (Farnsworth, E.)

HB 2404 taxidermy; registry (Mosley)

HB 2460 charter schools; vacant buildings; equipment (Leach)

HB 2461 zoning regulations; private schools (Leach)

HB 2633 pharmacists; controlled substances (Cobb)

SB 1375 contractor licensure (Fann)

SB 1423 common school districts; lapsing; procedure (Griffin)

Sincerely,

Douglas A. Ducey

Governor

State of Arizona

cc: Sena

Senate Secretary

Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives

Arizona News Service

House Engrossed

FILED
MICHELE REAGAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-third Legislature Second Regular Session 2018

HOUSE BILL 2243

AN ACT

AMENDING TITLE 28, CHAPTER 3, ARTICLE 5, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 28-694; AMENDING SECTION 28-1383, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO WRONG-WAY DRIVING.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Title 28, chapter 3, article 5, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding section 28-694, to read:

28-694. Wrong-way driving; civil penalty; traffic survival school; definition

- A. A PERSON WHO DRIVES THE WRONG WAY ON A CONTROLLED ACCESS HIGHWAY COMMITS WRONG-WAY DRIVING.
- B. A PERSON WHO IS FOUND RESPONSIBLE FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION IS SUBJECT TO A CIVIL PENALTY OF FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS.
- C. A PERSON WHO IS FOUND RESPONSIBLE FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION SHALL ATTEND AND SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE APPROVED TRAFFIC SURVIVAL SCHOOL EDUCATIONAL SESSIONS THAT ARE DESIGNED TO IMPROVE THE SAFETY AND HABITS OF DRIVERS.
- D. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, "WRONG WAY" MEANS VEHICULAR MOVEMENT THAT IS IN A DIRECTION OPPOSING THE LEGAL FLOW OF TRAFFIC. WRONG WAY DOES NOT INCLUDE MEDIAN CROSSING OR A COLLISION WHERE A MOTOR VEHICLE COMES TO A STOP FACING THE WRONG WAY.
- Sec. 2. Section 28-1383, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

28-1383. Aggravated driving or actual physical control while under the influence; violation; classification; definitions

- A. A person is guilty of aggravated driving or actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs if the person does any of the following:
- 1. Commits a violation of section 28-1381, section 28-1382 or this section while the person's driver license or privilege to drive is suspended, canceled, revoked or refused or while a restriction is placed on the person's driver license or privilege to drive as a result of violating section 28-1381 or 28-1382 or under section 28-1385.
- 2. Within a period of eighty-four months commits a third or subsequent violation of section 28-1381, section 28-1382 or this section or is convicted of a violation of section 28-1381, section 28-1382 or this section and has previously been convicted of any combination of convictions of section 28-1381, section 28-1382 or this section or acts in another jurisdiction that if committed in this state would be a violation of section 28-1381, section 28-1382 or this section.
- 3. While a person under fifteen years of age is in the vehicle, commits a violation of either:
 - (a) Section 28-1381.
 - (b) Section 28-1382.
- 4. While the person is ordered by the court or required pursuant to section 28-3319 by the department to equip any motor vehicle the person

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operates with a certified ignition interlock device, commits a violation of section 28-1381, section 28-1382 or this section.

- 5. COMMITS A VIOLATION OF SECTION 28-1381, SECTION 28-1382 OR THIS SECTION WHILE DRIVING THE WRONG WAY ON A HIGHWAY.
- B. The dates of the commission of the offenses are the determining factor in applying the eighty-four month provision provided in subsection A, paragraph 2 of this section regardless of the sequence in which the offenses were committed. For the purposes of this section, a third or subsequent violation for which a conviction occurs does not include a conviction for an offense arising out of the same series of acts. The time that a probationer is found to be on absconder status or the time that a person is incarcerated in any state, federal, county or city jail or correctional facility is excluded when determining the eighty-four month period provided in subsection A, paragraph 2 and subsection E of this section.
- C. The notice to a person of the suspension, cancellation, revocation or refusal of a driver license or privilege to drive is effective as provided in section 28-3318 or pursuant to the laws of the state issuing the license.
- D. A person is not eligible for probation, pardon, commutation or suspension of sentence or release on any other basis until the person has served not less than four months in prison if the person is convicted under either ANY of the following:
 - 1. Subsection A, paragraph 1 of this section.
- 2. Subsection A, paragraph 2 of this section and within an eighty-four month period has been convicted of two prior violations of section 28-1381, section 28-1382 or this section, or any combination of those sections, or acts in another jurisdiction that if committed in this state would be a violation of section 28-1381, section 28-1382 or this section.
 - 3. SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 5 OF THIS SECTION.
- E. A person who is convicted under subsection A, paragraph 2 of this section and who within an eighty-four month period has been convicted of three or more prior violations of section 28-1381, section 28-1382 or this section, or any combination of those sections, or acts in another jurisdiction that if committed in this state would be a violation of section 28-1381, section 28-1382 or this section is not eligible for probation, pardon, commutation or suspension of sentence or release on any other basis until the person has served not less than eight months in prison.
- F. A person who is convicted under subsection A, paragraph 3, subdivision (a) of this section shall serve at least the minimum term of incarceration required pursuant to section 28-1381.

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G. A person who is convicted under subsection A, paragraph 3, subdivision (b) of this section shall serve at least the minimum term of incarceration required pursuant to section 28-1382.

- H. A person who is convicted of a violation of this section shall attend and complete alcohol or other drug screening, education or treatment from an approved facility. If the person fails to comply with this subsection and is placed on probation, in addition to the provisions of section 13-901 the court may order that the person be incarcerated as a term of probation as follows:
- 1. For a person sentenced pursuant to subsection D of this section, for an individual period of not more than four months and a total period of not more than one year.
- 2. For a person sentenced pursuant to subsection E of this section, for an individual period of not more than eight months and a total period of not more than two years.
- I. The time that a person spends in custody pursuant to subsection H of this section shall not be counted towards the sentence imposed if the person's probation is revoked and the person is sentenced to prison after revocation of probation.
 - J. On a conviction for a violation of this section, the court:
- 1. Shall report the conviction to the department. On receipt of the report, the department shall revoke the driving privilege of the person. The department shall not issue the person a new driver license within one year of the date of the conviction and, if the violation involved intoxicating liquor, shall require the person to equip any motor vehicle the person operates with a certified ignition interlock device pursuant to section 28-3319. In addition, the court may order the person to equip any motor vehicle the person operates with a certified ignition interlock device for more than twenty-four months beginning on the date of reinstatement of the person's driving privilege following a suspension or revocation or on the date of the department's receipt of the report of conviction, whichever occurs later. The person who operates a motor vehicle with a certified ignition interlock device under this paragraph shall comply with article 5 of this chapter.
- 2. In addition to any other penalty prescribed by law, shall order the person to pay an additional assessment of two hundred fifty dollars. If the conviction occurred in the superior court or a justice court, the court shall transmit the monies received pursuant to this paragraph to the county treasurer. If the conviction occurred in a municipal court, the court shall transmit the monies received pursuant to this paragraph to the city treasurer. The city or county treasurer shall transmit the monies received to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall deposit the monies received in the driving under the influence abatement fund established by section 28-1304. Any fine imposed for a

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violation of this section and any assessments, restitution and incarceration costs shall be paid before the assessment prescribed in this paragraph.

- 3. Shall order the person to pay a fine of not less than seven hundred fifty dollars.
- 4. In addition to any other penalty prescribed by law, shall order the person to pay an additional assessment of one thousand five hundred dollars to be deposited by the state treasurer in the prison construction and operations fund established by section 41-1651. This assessment is not subject to any surcharge. If the conviction occurred in the superior court or a justice court, the court shall transmit the assessed monies to the county treasurer. If the conviction occurred in a municipal court, the court shall transmit the assessed monies to the city treasurer. The city or county treasurer shall transmit the monies received to the state treasurer.
- 5. In addition to any other penalty prescribed by law, shall order the person to pay an additional assessment of one thousand five hundred dollars to be deposited by the state treasurer in the public safety equipment fund established by section 41-1723. This assessment is not subject to any surcharge. If the conviction occurred in the superior court or a justice court, the court shall transmit the assessed monies to the county treasurer. If the conviction occurred in a municipal court, the court shall transmit the assessed monies to the city treasurer. The city or county treasurer shall transmit the monies received to the state treasurer.
- K. After completing the period of suspension required by section 28-1385, a person whose driving privilege is revoked for a violation of subsection A, paragraph 3 of this section may apply to the department for a special ignition interlock restricted driver license pursuant to section 28-1401.
- L. The court may order a person who is convicted of a violation of this section that does not involve intoxicating liquor to equip any motor vehicle the person operates with a certified ignition interlock device pursuant to section 28-3319. On RECEIPT OF THE report of the conviction and certified ignition interlock device requirement, the department shall require the person to equip any motor vehicle the person operates with a certified ignition interlock device pursuant to section 28-3319. In addition, the court may order the person to equip any motor vehicle the person operates with a certified ignition interlock device for more than twelve months beginning on the date of reinstatement of the person's driving privilege following a suspension or revocation or on the date of the department's receipt of the report of conviction, whichever occurs later. The person who operates a motor vehicle with a certified ignition

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interlock device under this subsection shall comply with article 5 of this chapter.

- M. Aggravated driving or actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs committed under:
- 1. Subsection A, paragraph 1, 2, σr 4 OR 5 of this section is a class 4 felony.
 - 2. Subsection A, paragraph 3 of this section is a class 6 felony.
 - N. For the purposes of this section: —
 - 1. "Suspension, cancellation, revocation or refusal" means any suspension, cancellation, revocation or refusal.
- 2. "WRONG WAY" MEANS VEHICULAR MOVEMENT THAT IS IN A DIRECTION OPPOSING THE LEGAL FLOW OF TRAFFIC. WRONG WAY DOES NOT INCLUDE MEDIAN CROSSING OR A COLLISION WHERE A MOTOR VEHICLE COMES TO A STOP FACING THE WRONG WAY.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR MARCH 27, 2018

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE MARCH 27, 2018

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Passed the House 75 Wary 14, 20 18	Passed the Senate March 20, 20 18
by the following vote: 38 Ayes	by the following vote:Ayes,
Not Voting	Nays, Not Voting
Speaker of the House	President of the Senate
Pro Tempore	
Chief Clerk of the House	Secretary of the Senate
	RTMENT OF ARIZONA OF GOVERNOR
This Bill received	d by the Governor this
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Secretary	to the Governor
Approved this	day of
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Governor of Arizona	EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA
	OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE
	This Bill received by the Secretary of State
	this <u>27</u> day of <u>March</u> , 20 18
Н.В. 2243	at 1:32 o'clock P. M.
	Michael Reagan
	Secretary of State